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Dutch Government's $25 Billion Plan to Get Rid of Farmers — Funded by Taxpayers

The Dutch government claims it needs to nationalize half of Lands farmers' land — at seven times above the current official livestock — in order to reduce nitrogen, but country says the plan is seriously flawed

By Dr. Joseph Mercola

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Story at a glance

- Dutch cattle farmers own 70% of Holland, but the government is pushing for a forced buyout of 50% of land currently claiming it's necessary to reduce pollution
- Experts say the move to get rid of farmers isn't about the environment but, rather, taking control of valuable land.
- The government's computer models, which are used to support its plan to reduce nitrogen by 50% in nature areas, are based on a flawed assumption that nitrogen migrates from trees to fields in the soil
- The push to remove farmers from their land is being driven by nongovernmental organizations (NGOs), which are primarily funded by the government, making them government extensions
- A $25 billion government fund, created using taxpayers' money, has been established to buy farmers' land. Some claim a farmer sells their land, they'll be legally prohibited from becoming a farm anywhere else in Europe.

Nitrogen 2000 is an important 45-minute documentary on the Dutch farmer struggle of 2019-2022. Dutch cattle farmers own 70% of Holland, but in 2019, the government began pushing for a forced buyout of 50% of their land, claiming it's necessary to reduce pollution.

But the problem isn't pollution, it's the government's Regrettable Nitrogen & Research Institute explains in the film, "The government has taken the stance that we have a huge problem with these dumb farmers and they disappear. Other plants like it and the insects. So basically without the farmers, doing is changing nature."

"They have declared that nitrogen is the major problem," Lindeboom, an advisor to NSC, the Royal Netherlands Institute for Sea Research, continues in the process release. "Well, I am an expert in nitrogen and I dare to say it is not."

Farms are interwoven into the fabric of their communities, such that "everyone, even if you live in the city like in Amsterdam or in Rotterdam, in a five-minute drive you will see cows, you will see farmland ... it's so ingrained in our way of living. We all feel that farmers are part of our culture. Everyone has someone in their family who was once a farmer," says political commentator Senate Eva Vlaardingerbroek.

Nitrogen is not only a nutrient in fertilizers, but it also makes up about 78% of air and is essential for plant growth.

"The nitrogen is only a problem for a few plants," Lindeboom explains. "There are certain plants that don't like it and they disappear. Other plants like it and they appear. So basically what we're doing is changing nature."

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"Yield, instead of the substitution values and discounts that the model is actually crap. It doesn't work. And it doesn't matter. They still continue using it. Which is, in a sense, unsettling. I mean, reality can be such a thing in terms of policy! Use a model which doesn't work? It's mean! Government policies are all about getting rid of livestock."

The Dutch government has been gradually tightening its grasp on farmers for some time. Every few years, farmers must report details about the number of cows they have and how many they plan to keep in the future.

The government also dictates what types of crops farmers grow and requires complicated and expensive manure testing for phosphorous and nitrogen, which farmers must do before applying their manure.

"The Wuhan Cover-Up" by Robert F. Kennedy Jr.
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Government-funded NGOs are lobbying to get rid of farmers

The push to remove farmers from their land is being driven by NGOs, which are primarily funded by the government, making them government extensions. The Dutch government has created using taxpayers' money, has also been established to buy farmers' land.

Once a farmer sells their land, they'll be legally prohibited from establishing a farm anywhere else in Europe. Meanwhile, the NGOs they even end up farming the land since they've pushed the farmer out of the picture.

According to the film's press release:

"NGOs — namely Greenbelt/warming, farmers in Nood, Greenpeace, Vogelbescherming, Natuurmonumenten — are the primary organizations lobbying for the nitrogen policy.

"Their budget is funded by the Dutch government. Once a farmer is bought out, the NGOs become custodians of the land and, in some cases, put cows back on the land to manage it.

"Commenting on this policy, farmer Bolk said, 'I do the same as the nature organizations in Holland ... I think it's very strange that a farmer is not allowed to do it but a nature organization can do the same and on and then there is no nitrogen problem.'"

The real agenda, however, may be traced back to the Club of Rome, a think tank that aligned with neo-Malthusianism — the idea that an overly large population would decimate resources — and was intending to implement a global depopulation agenda.

"They came up with this incredible document where they actually said, 'We need a new justification for this all-powerful state,' international journalist Alex Newman said. 'So, the new justification for this all-powerful state is the environment is going to be harmed and because climate is going to heat up.'

Balmakou continues:

"I could not believe what I just heard, that world leaders really laid out this globalist plan in plain English in a physical book, way back in 1991. I went on Amazon. And there it was.

"The First Global Revolution,' which states, and I quote, 'In searching for a common enemy to unite us, we came up with the idea that pollution, the threat of global warming, water shortages, famine, and the like, would fit the bill; and therefore, the real enemy is humanity itself.'"

In its quest to reduce nitrogen, the Dutch government is targeting farmers, not industry, such as the fossil fuel industry, which produces nitrogen to build new houses. The reason, many believe, lies in the land value.

Is the nitrogen crisis a cover for land control?

Innovative farming methods and changes in food can reduce livestock emissions. But even when farmers do this, the government doesn't get rid of their cows — it just owns the land — the government claims.

"Under the guise of democracy and liberalism, they are taking away rights," political commentator Stefanie Berg-Kaiser says. "And people are fine with it because they feel this sort of responsibility — maybe because it's so 'progressive' to care about the climate — so they're willing to actually sacrifice their own well-being."

The narrative is based on fear and telling people what they must do in order to be safe.

"We've paid a really high price for this because we gave up all our freedoms to that left," Berg-Kaiser says. "Because we're afraid of the climate crisis, we're afraid of COVID, we're afraid of the next pandemic. We're afraid of the next terrorist attack. We're afraid of the next economic crisis."

The UN's Food and Agriculture Organization also encourages the consumption of insects and insect-based foods, and the momentum to get farmers off their land is continuing to gain steam.

In 2023, the European Commission approved two Dutch schemes to buy out farmers' land, while some farmers staged protests against the plans to reduce nitrogen emissions, more than 11,000 tractors blocked roads in The Hague to the highway in November 2022, with about 3,000 expected to be eligible for the program.

Similar programs are also being discussed in Canada, Ireland and the U.S.

But ultimately, as environmental journalist Rajeev Jhaveri explains:

"It's not about nature protection. Only the ones who, in this process, have acquired the most money will have the ruling power.

"It comes down to control of resources in the hands of the few. Look at the power of the NGOs. Who do they really support? Who's pumping money into them? It's always governments and billionaires doing it. ...

"So, this is the relation between government and NGOs. To an extent you can sell the public. You can buy the public opinion. ...

"It's all about fear. It's about making people fear for the future so that they would agree with policies that, if they are sober, they would never agree with."

Watch Nitrogen 2000 here:

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Dr. Joseph Mercola is the founder of Mercola.com.

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